Section 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: Asphalt Cement (All Grades), Hardened Asphalt Cement

Other Means of Identification: Asphalt Cement (all grades); PG-Asphalt (all grades), Bituminous Cement.

SDS Number: 950

Product Code: AC-5 (512310);
PG 52-22 (512315);
PG 52-28 (512311);
PG 52-34 (513627);
PG 52-40 (512314);
PG 58-22 (511412);
PG 58-28 (511413);
PG 58-28 Plus (511423);
PG 58-34 (513624);
PG 58-40 (513625);
PG 64-16 (511415);
PG 64-22 (511414);
PG 64-22 ER (513620);
PG 64-28 (513623);
PG 70-22 (513626);
PG 70-28 (513622);
PG 76-22 (513628).

Product Use: Road Paving Asphalt.

Restrictions on Use: Not available.

Manufacturer/Supplier: U.S. OIL & REFINING CO.
3001 Marshall Ave.
Tacoma, WA 98421

Emergency Phone: U.S. OIL & REFINING CO.: (253) 383-1651
CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300
NATIONAL POISON CENTER: 1-800-222-1222

Date of Preparation of SDS: December 15, 2016

Section 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION: Carcinogenicity, Category 2

LABEL ELEMENTS

Hazard Symbol(s): 

Signal Word: Warning
Hazard Statements: Suspected of causing cancer.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Response: If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage: Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Hazard Not Otherwise Classified: No applicable information was found.

Ingredients with Unknown Acute Toxicity: 100% of this product mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Section 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazardous Ingredient(s)</th>
<th>Common name / Synonyms</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>% wt./wt.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asphalt</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
<td>8052-42-4</td>
<td>90 - 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S)</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
<td>7783-06-4</td>
<td>Trace</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These products may also contain 0 - 10% Polymer Additives and/or 0 - 1% Anti-Strip Additives. These components are not hazardous or are present below reportable levels.

Section 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation: If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If symptoms persist, get medical attention/advice.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. This product contains trace amounts of Hydrogen Sulfide which may accumulate in confined spaces. Inhalation of Hydrogen Sulfide may cause loss of sense of smell, major irritation of the respiratory tract, headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and fluid buildup in the lungs (pulmonary edema), which can be fatal. At 300 ppm unconsciousness may occur after 20 minutes. From 300 to 500 ppm, death can occur within 1 to 4 hours of continuous exposure. At 500 ppm the respiratory system is paralyzed, the victim collapses almost instantaneously, and death can occur after exposure of only 30 to 60 minutes. Above 500 ppm Hydrogen Sulfide may cause immediate loss of consciousness; death is rapid, and possibly immediate.
Skin Contact: If on skin (or hair): Rinse skin with water/shower. Get immediate medical advice/attention. Remove non-adhering contaminated clothing. Cool adherent materials and burned areas with ice and/or cold water. Do not remove adherent material or clothing.

**Acute and delayed symptoms and effects:** May cause skin irritation. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching. Hot liquid product may cause serious thermal burns on direct contact. Asphalt fumes can increase susceptibility to sunburn.

Eye Contact: If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

**Acute and delayed symptoms and effects:** May cause eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision. Hot liquid product may cause serious thermal burns on direct contact.

Ingestion: If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Immediately call a poison center or doctor. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Acute and delayed symptoms and effects:** Hot product may cause thermal burns. Signs/symptoms may include severe mouth, throat and abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea, blood in the feces and/or vomitus may also be seen. If swallowed in large quantities, Asphalt can obstruct the intestine.

Note to Physicians: Symptoms may not appear immediately. For inhalation of Hydrogen Sulfide, consider Oxygen.

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**Section 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

**NFPA 704**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Instability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SUITABLE/UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Small Fire: Dry chemical, CO₂, water spray or regular foam. Large Fire: Water spray, fog or regular foam. Move containers from fire area if it can be done safely.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:** Do not spray water onto burning product as this may cause spattering and spreading of the flame.
SPECIFIC HAZARDS

Not flammable or combustible by OSHA/WHMIS criteria. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Substance may be transported hot. Spraying water onto burning product may cause spattering and spreading of the flame.

If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.

Fire involving Tanks or Car/Trailer Loads: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn.


Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: This material is not sensitive to mechanical impact.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge: This material is not sensitive to static discharge.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND PRECAUTIONS FOR FIREFIGHTERS

Inhalation or contact with material may irritate or burn skin and eyes. Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution. Hydrogen Sulfide is heavier than air and may collect in low lying areas and confined spaces. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters’ protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

Personal Precautions: Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Don full-face, positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus.

Protective Equipment: Emergency eyewash capability should be available. Wear respiratory protection as conditions warrant.

Emergency Procedures: As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.

METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

Methods for Containment: Stop leak if it can be done without risk. A vapor-suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors.
PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING:
Do not swallow. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Grounding of containers/pouring equipment is necessary when transferring hot liquid product. See Section 8 for information on Personal Protective Equipment.

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE:
Store locked up. Store away from incompatible materials. See Section 10 for information on Incompatible Materials. Asphalt contains trace amounts of Hydrogen Sulfide which can accumulate in vapor space of tanks and containers. Structural materials and lighting and ventilation systems should be corrosion resistant.

EXPOSURE LIMITS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asphalt</td>
<td>0.5 mg/m³ (TWA); A4; BEI; Inhalable fraction; For Asphalt (Bitumen) fume, as benzene-soluble aerosol</td>
<td>No PEL established.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen Sulfide</td>
<td>1 ppm (TWA); 5 ppm (STEL); (2009)</td>
<td>20 ppm (C); 50 ppm (Peak) (Maximum duration: 10 mins. once only if no other meas. exp. occurs,) 10 ppm (TWA); 15 ppm (STEL) [Vacated]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit
TWA: Time-Weighted Average
STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit
C: Ceiling

ENGINEERING CONTROLS
Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapor, gas, etc.) below recommended exposure limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves. If product is hot, thermally protective gloves are recommended. Consult manufacturer specifications for further information.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear protective clothing. Clothing with full length sleeves and pants should be worn.

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls and ventilation are not sufficient to control exposure to below the allowable limits then an appropriate NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator, with organic vapor cartridge or self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. Supplied air breathing apparatus must be used when Oxygen concentrations are low or if airborne concentrations exceed the limits of the air-purifying respirators.

General Hygiene Considerations: Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices. Consult a competent industrial hygienist to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection. Emergency eyewash should be available near operations presenting a potential splash exposure. Avoid skin exposure. Promptly remove contaminated clothing, gloves, and shoes.

Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Black colored viscous liquid. Solid at ambient temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Black.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Slightly cracked or burnt. Heavy oil to asphaltic odor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical State</td>
<td>Liquid. Solid at ambient temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting Point / Freezing Point</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial Boiling Point</td>
<td>480 °C (900 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Range</td>
<td>&gt; 480 °C (900 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point</td>
<td>&gt; 218 °C (424 °F) (COC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
<td>Negligible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Flammability Limit</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Flammability Limit</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Vapor Density: > 1 (Air = 1)
Relative Density: 0.98 to 1.3 (Water = 1) at 16 °C (60 °F)
Solubilities: Insoluble in water.
Partition Coefficient: n-Octanol/Water: Not available.
Auto-ignition Temperature: 485 °C (905 °F) (estimated)
Decomposition Temperature: Not available.
Viscosity: 200 to 600 cSt at 135 °C (275 °F)
> 0.2 PaS at 135 °C (275 °F)
Percent Volatile, wt. %: Not available.
VOC Content, wt. %: Not available.

Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to heat.
Chemical Stability: Stable under normal storage conditions.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Contact between heated Asphalt and water can cause a violent eruption.
Conditions to Avoid: Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to heat.

Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

LIKELY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: Eye contact. Skin contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

ACUTE EXPOSURE PRODUCT TOXICITY

Oral: Not available.
Dermal: Not available.
Inhalation: Not available.

COMPONENT TOXICITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>LD50 oral</th>
<th>LD50 dermal</th>
<th>LC50</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen Sulfide</td>
<td>7783-06-4</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
<td>444 ppm (rat); 4H</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SYMPTOMS (including delayed and immediate effects)

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. This product contains trace amounts of Hydrogen Sulfide which may accumulate in confined spaces. Inhalation of Hydrogen Sulfide may cause loss of sense of smell, major irritation of the respiratory tract, headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and fluid buildup in the lungs (pulmonary edema), which can be fatal. At 300 ppm unconsciousness may occur after 20 minutes. From 300 to 500 ppm, death can occur within 1 to 4 hours of continuous exposure. At 500 ppm the respiratory system is paralyzed, the victim collapses almost instantaneously, and death can occur after exposure of only 30 to 60 minutes. Above 500 ppm Hydrogen Sulfide may cause immediate loss of consciousness; death is rapid, and possibly immediate.

Eye: May cause eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision. Hot liquid product may cause serious thermal burns on direct contact.

Skin: May cause skin irritation. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching. Hot liquid product may cause serious thermal burns on direct contact. Asphalt fumes can increase susceptibility to sunburn.

Ingestion: Hot product may cause thermal burns. Signs/symptoms may include severe mouth, throat and abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea, blood in the feces and/or vomitus may also be seen. If swallowed in large quantities, Asphalt can obstruct the intestine.

Skin Sensitization: Not available.

Respiratory Sensitization: Not available.

Medical Conditions Aggravated By Exposure: Not available.

CHRONIC EFFECTS (from short and long-term exposure)


Chronic Effects: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Hydrogen Sulfide may reduce lung function; cause neurological effects such as headaches, nausea, depression and personality changes; eye and mucous membrane irritation; and damage to cardiovascular system.

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Long-term or repeated exposures to Asphalt fumes are possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Component Carcinogenicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>Prop 65</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asphalt</td>
<td>A4</td>
<td>Group 2B</td>
<td>Not listed</td>
<td>OSHA Carcinogen.</td>
<td>Listed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mutagenicity: Not available.
Reproductive Effects: Not available.
Developmental Effects
   Teratogenicity: Not available.
   Embryotoxicity: Not available.
Toxicologically
   Synergistic Materials: Not available.

Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Not available.
Persistence / Degradability: This product is expected to have a very low rate of biodegradation.
Bioaccumulation / Accumulation: Bioaccumulation of components is unlikely due to very low water solubility.
Mobility in Environment: Not available.
Other Adverse Effects: Not available.

Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Instructions: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Asphalt Cement (All Grades) (transported at 100 °C (212 °F) or above):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REGULATORY INFORMATION</th>
<th>ID NUMBER</th>
<th>EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDEBOOK</th>
<th>PROPER SHIPPING NAME</th>
<th>CLASS</th>
<th>PACKING GROUP</th>
<th>PLACARD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DOT Classification</td>
<td>UN3257</td>
<td>Guide 128</td>
<td>UN3257, ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Asphalt)</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>III</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TDG Classification</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Not regulated.</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IATA/ICAO</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Forbidden for air transportation</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Asphalt Cement (All Grades) and Hardened Cement (transported below 100 °C (212 °F)):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REGULATORY INFORMATION</th>
<th>ID NUMBER</th>
<th>EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDEBOOK</th>
<th>PROPER SHIPPING NAME</th>
<th>CLASS</th>
<th>PACKING GROUP</th>
<th>PLACARD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DOT Classification</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Not regulated.</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TDG Classification</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Not regulated.</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IATA/ICAO</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Not regulated.</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

CHEMICAL INVENTORIES

US (TSCA)
The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Canada (DSL)
The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of the NSN Regulations under CEPA, 1999.

FEDERAL REGULATIONS

Canada
This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

WHMIS Classification: Class D2A - Carcinogenicity.

Hazard Symbols:

United States
This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SARA Title III Component</th>
<th>Section 302 (EHS) TPQ (lbs.)</th>
<th>Section 304 EHS RQ (lbs.)</th>
<th>CERCLA RQ (lbs.)</th>
<th>Section 313</th>
<th>RCRA CODE</th>
<th>CAA 112 (r) TQ (lbs.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen Sulfide</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>313</td>
<td>U135</td>
<td>10000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Deerfoot Consulting Inc.
Asphalt Cement (All Grades), Hardened Asphalt Cement

SAFETY DATA SHEET / MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of Preparation: December 15, 2016

SARA SECTION 311/312 - EPA HAZARD CATEGORIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACUTE HEALTH</th>
<th>CHRONIC HEALTH</th>
<th>FIRE</th>
<th>SUDDEN RELEASE OF PRESSURE</th>
<th>REACTIVE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

State Regulations
California
California Prop 65: WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Component
Asphalt
Type of Toxicity
cancer

Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Disclaimer:
The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. It is the user’s responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of this information for his own particular use.

Date of Preparation of SDS: December 15, 2016
SDS Expiry Date (Canada): December 14, 2019
Version: 1.2
GHS SDS Prepared by: Deerfoot Consulting Inc.
Phone: (403) 720-3700